

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of

### Route1 Inc.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Presented in Canadian Dollars)



To the Shareholders of Route1 Inc.:

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Route1 Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2022, and the results of its consolidated operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### **Goodwill Impairment Analysis**

### Key Audit Matter Description

As described in Notes 2 and 7 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company's goodwill balance was \$3,345,320 as of December 31, 2022. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or whenever certain events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of goodwill may be greater than the recoverable amount. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (a cash generating unit ("CGU")). Management uses the higher of the value in use and fair value less cost of disposal approach to determine the recoverable amount for all its CGUs.

We considered this to be a key audit matter due to the significant judgment made by management in estimating the recoverable amount for goodwill and a high degree of auditor judgment, subjectivity and effort in performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence relating to management's estimates. This resulted in an increased extent of audit effort, including the involvement of internal valuation specialists.

#### Audit Response

We responded to this matter by performing procedures in relation to the goodwill impairment analysis. Our audit work in relation to this included, but was not restricted to, the following:

- Evaluated the appropriateness of the discounted cash flow models by testing the completeness, accuracy, and relevance of underlying data used in the cash flow models.
- Obtained an understanding of management's internal control process as it relates to the determination of key inputs and assumptions.
- Evaluated management's assumptions related to revenue growth rates, customer attrition rates and ratio of
  expenses after considering (i) the current and past performance of each CGU, (ii) the consistency with forecasts
  per industry data, and (iii) whether these assumptions were consistent with evidence obtained in other areas of
  the audit.
- With the assistance of internal valuation specialists, evaluated the reasonableness of management's impairment model and evaluated management's assumptions related to the pre-tax discount rate.
- Assessed the appropriateness of the disclosures relating to the assumptions used in the impairment assessments in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on April 27, 2022.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is John Muffolini.

Mississauga, Ontario

Chartered Professional Accountants

Licensed Public Accountants

MNPLLA

April 27, 2023

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### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

Route1 Inc.

	Note	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$78,505	\$62,568
Accounts receivable		1,861,553	4,396,886
Other receivables		191,092	186,573
Inventory	3	2,146,011	682,256
Prepaid expenses	5	585,387	330,584
Contract costs	12	38,147	66,763
Total current assets	12	4,900,695	5,725,630
Non-current assets		4,500,055	3,723,030
Deferred tax asset	21	<u>_</u>	1,484,000
Right-of-use assets	5	1,755,577	1,634,969
Furniture and equipment	5	462,292	908,489
Intangible assets	6	1,891,316	2,212,411
Goodwill	7	3,345,320	3,131,422
Total non-current assets	,	7,454,505	9,371,291
Total assets		\$12,355,200	\$15,096,921
Current liabilities Bank indebtedness Accounts payable and other liabilities Contract liability Lease liabilities Notes payable  Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liability Contract liability	11 12 4 13	\$2,420,162 4,591,024 985,242 460,523 367,776 8,824,727	\$1,826,640 4,564,165 2,632,310 377,967 1,161,851 10,562,933 401,344 52,526
Lease liabilities	4	1,412,667	1,352,121
Notes payable	13	329,994	1,332,121
Total non-current liabilities	13	1,764,821	1,805,991
Total liabilities		10,589,548	12,368,924
Shareholders' equity Capital and reserve Common shares Warrants	15 15	23,994,270	23,700,961 1,149,704
Contributed surplus – stock compensation reserve	15	17,268,374	15,879,054
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		145,173	(77,771)
Deficit Translation of the control o		(39,642,165)	(37,923,951)
Total shareholders' equity		1,765,652	2,727,997
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		\$12,355,200	\$15,096,921

Commitments and contingencies

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Route 1 Inc.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 202

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2	021
(stated in Canadian dollars)	

	N	2022	2021
	Note	2022	2021
Revenue		*	
Subscription revenue and services	22	\$6,194,383	\$9,701,870
Devices and appliance	22	15,829,913	17,432,143
Other	22	20,916	137,247
Total revenue		22,045,212	27,271,260
Cost of revenue	3	14,462,458	16,446,404
Gross profit		7,582,754	10,824,856
Operating expenses			
General administration		5,209,043	5,933,755
Research and development		693,037	905,867
Selling and marketing		1,742,607	2,972,520
Total operating expenses before stock-based compensation		7,644,687	9,812,142
Stock-based compensation	15	239,616	567,517
Total operating expenses		7,884,303	10,379,659
Operating profit before other income (expense)		(301,549)	445,197
Other income (expense)			
(Loss) gain on litigation settlement		-	(11,020)
Interest expense		(275,023)	(277,209)
Foreign exchange loss		10,532	(31,442)
Gain on asset disposal		22,483	15,320
Acquisition expense		-	(78,617)
Other income (expenses)		(75,351)	148,193
Total other expense		(317,359)	(234,775)
Income (loss) before income taxes		(618,908)	210,422
Income tax (recovery) expense	21	1,099,306	(11,785)
Net income (loss) for the year		(1,718,214)	222,207
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Foreign currency translation		222,944	854
Comprehensive income		(\$1,495,270)	\$223,061
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share	17	(\$0.04)	\$0.01
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	17	39,816,388	39,553,980
Diluted weighted average number of common shares	**	27,010,000	57,555,760
outstanding		N/A	40,069,142

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Route1 Inc.

## For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

	Note	Common Shares	Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (loss)	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$23,370,074	\$1,683,704	\$15,311,537	(\$78,625)	(\$38,146,158)	\$2,140,532
Repurchase of capital stock for cancellation	15	(198,113)	-	-	-	-	(198,113)
Share repurchase costs	15	(5,000)	-	-	-	-	(5,000)
Stock-based compensation	15	-	-	567,517	-	-	567,517
Exercise of warrants	15	534,000	(534,000)	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive income		-	-	-	854	222,207	223,061
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$23,700,961	\$1,149,704	\$15,879,054	(\$77,771)	(\$37,923,951)	\$2,727,997

	Note	Common Shares	Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (loss)	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$23,700,961	\$1,149,704	\$15,879,054	(\$77,771)	(\$37,923,951)	\$2,727,997
Share issuance costs	15	(5,698)	-	-	-	-	(5,698)
Share repurchase costs	15	(1,170)	-	-	-	-	(1,170)
Shares issued	15	300,177					300,177
Stock-based compensation	15	-	-	239,616	-	-	239,616
Warrant expiration	15	-	(1,149,704)	1,149,704	-	-	-
Comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	222,944	(1,718,214)	(1,495,270)
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$23,994,270	-	\$17,268,374	\$145,173	(\$39,642,165)	\$1,765,652

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Route1 Inc.

## For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

		2022	2021
Net cash (outflow) inflow related to the following activities			
Operating activities			
Net income (loss)		(\$1,718,214)	\$222,207
Items not affecting cash and cash equivalents			
Depreciation and amortization	5, 6	1,368,716	1,315,899
Interest accretion on notes payable		4,687	15,446
Interest on lease liabilities	4	70,248	71,108
Deferred taxes	21	1,099,306	(21,561)
Stock-based compensation	15	239,616	567,517
Net changes in working capital balances			
Accounts receivable		2,861,378	(899,239)
Other receivables		5,162	454,147
Inventory		(1,423,527)	339,074
Other assets		-	23,628
Prepaid expenses		(249,738)	(21,848)
Contract costs		31,374	287,000
Accounts payable and other liabilities		25,079	(128,779)
Contract liability		(1,711,815)	(1,177,899)
Net cash generated by operating activities		602,272	1,046,700
Acquisition of furniture, and equipment Disposal of other assets Acquisition of intangible assets Cash paid in business combinations	5 5 6 9	(7,600) 22,483 (14,353)	(553,426) 77,310 (139,886) (1,637,220)
Cash acquired in business combinations	9,10	- -	51,371
Net cash generated by investing activities		530	(2,201,851)
Financing activities			
Repayment of notes payable	13	(477,457)	(486,706
Issuance of promissory notes	13	-	275,000
Repayment of lease liabilities	4	(494,123)	(621,422)
Repurchase of common shares for cancellation	15	-	(198,113)
Share repurchase costs	15	(1,170)	(5,000)
Proceeds from (repayment of) bank indebtedness	11	515,162	1,041,746
Net cash generated by financing activities		(457,588)	5,505
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents for the year Effects of exchange rate changes on cash		145,213 (129,276)	(1,149,646 74,740
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		62,568	1,137,474
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		\$78,505	\$62,568
Non-cash transactions		2022	2021
Interest payments		190,244	111,483
Corporate tax payments		34,242	1,567

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

### 1. NATURE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY

Route1 Inc. ("Route1" or "the Company") is a publicly traded company on the TSX Venture Exchange. The Company is incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario by articles of amalgamation dated January 1, 2006. The registered office of the Company is 8 King Street East, Suite 1801, Toronto, Ontario, M5C 1B5.

Route1 Inc. is an advanced North American engineering and professional services company using data capture technologies. The Company brings security and operations together with real-time actionable intelligence to enhance safety and security, drive greater profitability and improve operational efficiencies. With a deep-rooted background in software development, network operations, and cybersecurity, Route1 has ushered in a unique and valuable approach to the turn-key engineering and professional services arena. Route1's services follow a complete life-cycle model, ensuring the evolution of your technology to meet the client's desired outcomes.

With offices and staff in Scottsdale, AZ, Chattanooga, TN, Cincinnati, OH, Denver, CO and Toronto, Canada, Route1 provides leading-edge solutions to public and private sector clients around the world. Route1 is listed in Canada on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol ROI.

On March 29, 2021 the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the membership interests of DataSource Mobility, LLC. ("DSM"). There were no material events between acquisition date and March 31, 2021. DSM has been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements from April 1, 2021.

On September 15, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding shares of Spyrus Solutions, Inc. ("Spyrus"). Spyrus has been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the IASB.

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on April 27, 2022.

### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company is exposed or has rights to variable returns from an investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its control over the investee. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial records of the subsidiary to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by the Company. All intercompany transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated upon consolidation.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries Route 1 Security Corporation, Portable Computer Systems, Inc. ("PCS"), Group Mobile Int'l, LLC ("GMI") and Spyrus Solutions Inc. ("Spyrus").

All of the Company's subsidiaries are wholly-owned, are domiciled in the United States, have a fiscal year end of December 31, 2022 and are in the business of selling rugged devices, license plate recognition equipment and secure data access.

### 2.3 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern and realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company has one segment for financial reporting purposes which comprises the sale and distribution of rugged devices, license plate recognition equipment and secure data access.

The accounting policies set out in these consolidated financial statements have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

### (a) Foreign currency translation

### Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of Route1 Inc. For each entity within the consolidated financial statements, the functional currency is determined based on the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Primary and secondary indicators are used to determine the functional currency (primary indicators have priority over secondary indicators).

### Foreign operations

The functional currency of Route 1 Security Corporation, GMI, PCS, DSM and Spyrus is United States dollars. The financial statements of these entities are translated into the Canadian dollar presentation currency at as follows:

- assets and liabilities at the exchange rate in effect at the statement of financial position date.
- Income and expenses at the average rate for the period (as this is considered to be a reasonable approximation of actual rates).

The resulting changes are recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI") as cumulative translation adjustments. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of OCI relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in net income.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

### Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective entity, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at period-end exchange rates are recognized in net income. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are not retranslated and are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date).

### (b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash deposits available on demand with Schedule 1 banks in Canada and their subsidiaries in the United States, a large money center bank and a large regional bank in the United States. Bank indebtedness is considered a financing activity.

### (c) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and their subsequent measurement is dependent on their classification as described below. Their classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired or issued, their characteristics and the Company's designation of such instruments. Settlement date accounting is used.

Financial assets	Classification
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized cost
Accounts receivable	Amortized cost
Other receivables	Amortized cost

#### Financial liabilities

Bank indebtedness Amortized cost
Accounts payable and other liabilities Amortized cost
Notes payable Amortized cost

### (d)(i) Amortized cost

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are measured using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, impairment, and any gain or loss on de-recognition are recognized in profit or loss.

### (d)(ii) Other liabilities

Other liabilities are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest method and include all financial liabilities.

### (d)(iii) Effective interest method

The Company uses the effective interest method to recognize interest income or expense, which includes transaction costs or fees, premiums or discounts, earned or incurred for financial instruments.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

### (e) Impairment of financial assets

The Company measures a loss allowance based on the lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are estimated based on factors such as the Company's past experience of collecting payments, the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables, financial difficulty of the borrower, and it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

### (f) De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company de-recognizes financial liabilities when the obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

### (g) Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with cost being calculated on a weighted average basis. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

### (h) Furniture and equipment

Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost and subsequently recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of the assets less any impairment loss or reversal as follows:

Furniture and equipment - straight-line over 36 months

Right-of-use asset - straight-line over the remaining lease term

TaaS computer equipment - straight-line over 36 months
Computer equipment - straight-line over 36 months

The Company assesses the depreciation method and rate as well as the residual value of furniture and equipment at the end of each financial year.

### (i) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of the assets less any impairment loss or reversal as follows:

License agreement - straight-line over 48 months
Computer software - straight-line over 12 months
Computer software (applications) - straight-line over 60 months
Internally generated applications - straight-line over 36 months

Patents - straight-line over the life of the patent

Customer relationships - straight-line over 120 months Vendor relationships - straight-line over 120 months

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

Trademarks and tradenames - straight-line over 120 months

The Company assesses the depreciation method and rate as well as the residual value of intangible assets at the end of each financial year.

Goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

The Company tests whether goodwill has suffered any impairment on an annual basis. For the 2022 reporting period, the recoverable amount of the cash generating units ("CGUs") was determined based on fair value less cost of disposal calculations which require the use of assumptions. The calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management.

### (j) Impairment of furniture and equipment and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and finite lived intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual CGUs; or otherwise, they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than it's carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

### (k) Leases:

### *Definition of a lease:*

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

### As a lessee:

i. The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, based on the initial amount of the lease liability. The assets are depreciated to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the lease term using the straight-line method as this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits. The lease term includes periods covered by an option to extend if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability, if the case may be.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

- ii. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.
- *iii.* When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.
- *iv*. The Company has elected to apply the practical expedient not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for (1) short-term leases, that have a lease term of 12 months or less, and (2) leases of low value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### Sub-lease:

- v. When the Company is an intermediate lessor, it determines at the lease inception date whether each sub-lease is a finance lease or an operating lease based on whether the contract transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, the sub-lease is a finance lease; if not, it is an operating lease.
- vi. For finance leases, and when the Company acts as intermediate lessor, it recognizes a sublease receivable and derecognizes the right-of-use assets relating to the head lease that it transfers to the sub lessees. Lease receivables relating to the sub leases are measured in the same way as the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for the head lease, using the same discount rate for the actualization of future payments to be received.
- *vii*. The Company presents accretion expense in the head lease net of accretion income from the sub-leases.

### (l) Revenue recognition

To determine whether to recognize revenue, the Company follows a 5-step process:

- 1) Identifying a contract with a customer
- 2) Identifying the performance obligations
- 3) Determining the transaction price
- 4) Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5) Recognizing revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied

The Company often enters into transactions involving a range of their products and services. In all cases, the total transaction price for a contract is allocated amongst the various performance obligations based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. The transaction price for a contract excludes any amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Revenue is recognized either at a point in time or over time, when (or as) the Company satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

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The Company recognizes contract liabilities (deferred revenue) for consideration received in respect to unsatisfied performance obligations. The Company recognizes contract costs for incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer, and consists of sales commissions and cost of product sold. Capitalized costs are amortized consistent with the transfer of the related products and services. The following paragraphs describe the specific revenue recognition policies for each major component of revenue.

### (i) Devices

Revenues from the sale of ruggedized computing equipment and related accessories are recognized when title (control) is transferred to the customer and all significant contractual obligations that affect the customer's final acceptance have been fulfilled. These revenues are recognized at a point in time.

### (ii) Appliances

Revenues from the sale of a DEFIMNET© platform and a MobiNET© Aggregation Gateway appliance are recognized when title (control) is transferred to the customer and all significant contractual obligations that affect the customer's final acceptance have been fulfilled. These revenues are recognized at a point in time.

### (iii) Subscription Revenue and Services

Revenue from MobiKEY© and other application software subscription-based services, and DEFIMNET© platform and other appliance licensing or maintenance is recognized ratably over the term of the contract on a daily basis when the service is provided.

In instances where the Company bills the customer prior to performing the service in all aspects of its business, the prepayment amount is recorded as contract liability.

Revenue from installation and hardware maintenance and organization services provided to customers is recognized when the service is provided. These revenues are recognized over time.

### (iv) Technology as a Service Revenue

Revenue from computing equipment and related accessories that is owned by the Company and leased out to clients is recognized when the service is provided. The Company provides certain management services for this equipment including provision of equipment and related accessories, software, management, maintenance, support and documentation. These revenues are recognized over time.

### (m) Research and development

Research expenditures are charged as an operating expense of the Company as incurred. Expenditures for development of software and equipment are capitalized and amortized only when all of the following criteria are demonstrated:

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- (i) The technical feasibility of completing the asset so that it will be available for use or sale
- (ii) The Company intends to complete the asset and use or sell it
- (iii) The Company has the ability to use or sell the asset
- (iv) How the intangible asset will generate probable economic benefits
- (v) The Company has available adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset
- (vi) The Company can reliably measure the expenditure attributable to the asset during its development

Scientific research and economic development ("SR&ED") credits and government grants

SR&ED credits are estimated and recognized rateably throughout the year based on management's expectation of projects undertaken for the current year that will comply with the conditions attaching to them. SR&ED credits reduce research and development expenses. Similarly, government grants, recorded as other revenue, are recognized when all conditions have been met, the grant has been earned and the grant is non-refundable. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company accrued \$84,996 for SR&ED credits (December 31, 2021 - \$88,977), which are included in Other Receivables.

### (n) Stock-based compensation

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing services to the Company are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. The Company calculates stock-based compensation using the Black-Scholes option pricing model to value the options at the grant date, and subsequently expenses such value rateably over the vesting term.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions related to services provided by non-employees are measured at the fair value of the services received. If the services cannot be measured reliably, the transaction is measured at the fair value of the equity instrument issued.

### (o) Legal claims

In the normal course of operations, the Company may be subject to litigation claims from customers, suppliers, patent holders, resellers and former employees. A provision is recognized when the probability that payment will occur is more likely than not. The Company regularly reviews any outstanding claims to see if they meet the criteria. A provision is calculated based on management's best estimate of probable outflow of economic resources.

### (p) Income taxes

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case the income tax is also recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are only offset if a legally enforceable right exists to offset the amounts and the Company intends to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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### (q) Recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of all qualifying temporary differences arising between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined on a non-discounted basis using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the deferred tax asset or liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that the assets can be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent future recovery is probable. At each reporting period end, deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable earnings will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

### (r) Earnings/Loss per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the income/loss by the weighted average shares outstanding during the reporting period.

The Company calculates the dilutive effect of options and warrants on earnings per share. Diluted earnings per share is computed similarly to basic earnings per share, except the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares from the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options and warrants were exercised and that the proceeds from such exercises were used to acquire shares of common stock at the average market price during the reporting period.

### (s) Business Combination

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. The acquisition method involves the recognition of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities, including contingent liabilities, regardless of whether they were recorded in the financial statements prior to acquisition. The acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under IFRS 3, "Business Combinations" ("IFRS 3"), are recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date, except for: (i) deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements which are recognized and measured in accordance with IAS 12, "Income Taxes", and IAS 19, "Employee Benefits", respectively; and (ii) assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", which are measured and recognized at fair value less costs to sell.

The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, which is measured at acquisition date fair value.

Transaction costs related to the acquisition are expensed as they are incurred.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognized as an asset and represents the excess of acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the acquiree at the date of the acquisition.

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### 2.4 Use of estimates

In preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates used in the Company's consolidated financial statements and such differences could be material.

Management uses estimates when determining deferred income assets. These estimates are used to determine the recoverability of non-capital tax loss carry forward and other tax amounts. Significant judgment is required to determine the probable future cash flows in order to recognize the deferred tax asset. Changes in market conditions, changes in tax legislation, and other factors, could adversely affect the ongoing value of deferred tax assets. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reassessed at each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to utilize all or part of the deferred income tax assets. Unrecognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable income for the asset to be recovered.

### 2.5 Critical judgments

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Revenue recognition:

In making their judgment, management considers the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue from the sale of goods and services set out in IFRS 15. The Company recognizes revenue when it is realized and earned. The Company considers revenue realized and earned when the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods (or service has been performed); the Company does not retain any managerial involvement; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Where appropriate, device revenue related to subscriptions and the associated costs of such revenue will be recognized rateably over the life of the nearest term subscription contract. Extended warranties that are sold to customers as an optional service, "Comprehensive Maintenance" contracts and warranties beyond that provided by the manufacturer, are treated as a "service-type" warranty under IFRS 15. "Service-type" warranties are treated as separate performance obligation, and related revenue is deferred over the period for which there is a performance obligation.

The Company has applied judgment to determine that it is acting as a principal and gross revenue for sale of devices recognized

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when title is transferred to the customer and all significant contractual obligations that affect the customer's final acceptance have been fulfilled.

Functional currency: In making a judgment as to which currency is the functional

currency of the Company and its subsidiaries, management considers the currency that influences the cost of providing the goods and services in each jurisdiction in which the Company

operates.

Capitalization of development costs: Management exercises judgment when establishing whether the

criteria under IAS 38, "Intangible Assets", for development costs have been met, specifically the technical feasibility of the products in development and the ability to generate probable

future economic benefits.

Business combinations: Determination of whether a group of assets acquired and

liabilities assumed constitute the acquisition of a business or an asset may require the Company to make certain judgments as to whether or not the assets acquired and liabilities assumed include the inputs, processes and outputs necessary to constitute a

business as defined in IFRS 3, "Business Combinations".

Going concern: Management prepares the consolidated financial statements on a

going concern basis, which requires judgment to assess the realization of assets and the payment of liabilities in the ordinary

course of business.

2.6 Significant estimates

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Allowance for doubtful accounts: Impairment of financial assets is based on an expected credit loss

("ECL") model under IFRS 9. ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. The Company calculated ECLs based on consideration of customer-specific factors and actual historical credit loss experience. The Company does not anticipate any credit losses, and to the extent that any credit losses are experienced, they are expected to be immaterial, therefore no allowance for doubtful accounts is required as at

December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Allowance for inventory obsolescence: The Company reviewed the recoverable amount of its inventory

for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and determined

that no write-down was required.

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Valuation of deferred tax asset:

The Company estimates the probability that taxable profits will be available to be offset against deductible temporary differences and thus give rise to a deferred tax asset. The Company has reviewed the expected profitability and determined that a deferred tax asset should not be recognized at December 31, 2022 and 2021, as it is probable that the asset will be utilized.

Valuation of warrants and stock-based compensation:

The Company estimates the fair value of stock-based compensation issued for goods or services based on the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model for warrants and share options with a service condition. Inputs into the model include expected life, volatility, risk free rate, forfeiture rate and dividend yield. The Company has judged that the fair value of the services could not be determined; therefore, the fair value of the shares, share options and warrants was used in the measurement of the transactions. The Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model was used to value the warrants issued as part of the equity private placement. These methods of valuation were applied to the equity transactions during the year (Note 15, "SHARE CAPITAL, WARRANTS AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS").

Valuation of assets acquired in Business Combinations:

The Company estimates the value of the assets acquired in the business combinations on the basis of fair value to the ongoing operations of the acquired businesses. For additional information, See Notes 9 and 10 "BUSINESS COMBINATION" of these consolidated financial statements.

Recognition of SR&ED tax credits/Government grants:

The Company estimates SR&ED credits based on historical and forward-looking analysis. SR&ED credits are estimated and recognized rateably throughout the year based on management's expectation of projects undertaken for the current year that will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Similarly, government grants, recorded as other revenue, are recognized when all conditions have been met, the grant has been earned and the grant is non-refundable.

Goodwill impairment

The Company estimates recoverable amount of the cash generating units based on discounted future cash flow projections that require significant judgment. See Note 7.

### 2.7 Future accounting policy changes

At the date of the authorization of these consolidated financial statements, several new, but not effective Standards and amendments to existing Standards, and Interpretations have been published by the IASB. None of these Standards or amendments to existing Standards have been adopted early by the Company.

Management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the pronouncement. New Standards, amendments and Interpretations not

### Route1 Inc.

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adopted in the current year have not been disclosed as they are not expected to have a material impact to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

### 3. COST OF REVENUE

Cost of revenue includes the cost of devices, salaries of select staff, hosting of our MobiNET© and royalty related fees. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the cost of revenue recognized as an expense was \$14,462,458 (December 31, 2021 - \$16,446,404).

### 4. LEASES

The Company has entered into a variety of premise lease agreements for office locations in Toronto, Ontario; Scottsdale, Arizona; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chattanooga, Tennessee; and Denver, Colorado. In addition to the basic monthly rents, as part of some of the leases, the Company must pay a proportionate share of property taxes, operating costs, utilities and additional services.

The minimum annual basic rent commitments are as follows:

	December 31,
	2022
2023	537.275
2024	547,137
2025 & beyond	1,002,607
Minimum lease payments	2,087,019
Less: interest portion at rates between 3.81% and 8.25%	
	213,829
Net minimum lease payments	1,873,190
Less: current portion	460,523
Long-term portion	\$1,412,667

The office locations have been recognized in right-of-use assets at the present value of minimum lease payments, less accumulated depreciation. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company recognized \$456,272 of depreciation and \$70,248 of interest expense from these leases (December 31, 2021 - \$502,732 and \$71,108).

The expense relating to payments not included in the measurement of the lease liability (including but not limited to property taxes, operating expenses, utilities and additional services) is as follows:

	December 31, 2022
Short-term leases	-
Non-lease components	\$599,310
	\$599,310

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### 5. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Cost	Right-of-use Asset	Computer Equipment	Furniture and Equipment	TaaS Computer Equipment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	2,610,754	2,494,964	527,559	1,493,096	7,126,373
Additions	-	382,739	171,969	-	554,708
Disposals	(172,455)	-	-	(142,206)	(314,661)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(18,873)	-	(2,312)	(6,704)	(27,889)
Balance at December 31, 2021	2,419,426	2,877,703	697,216	1,344,186	7,338,531
Additions	484,700	7,601	-	-	492,301
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of exchange rate changes	147,276	-	26,651	91,818	265,745
Balance at December 31, 2022	3,051,402	2,885,304	723,867	1,436,004	8,096,577
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Right-of-use Asset	Computer Equipment	Furniture and Equipment	TaaS Computer Equipment	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	(458,310)	(1,880,807)	(377,110)	(1,364,443)	(4,080,670)
Depreciation expense	(502,732)	(302,261)	(105,723)	(66,035)	(976,751)
Disposals	172,455	-	-	80,216	252,671
Effect of exchange rate changes	4,130		(529)	6,076	9,677
Balance at December 31, 2021	(784,457)	(2,183,068)	(483,362)	(1,344,186)	(4,795,073)
Depreciation expense	(456,272)	(353,612)	(109,003)	-	(918,887)
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of exchange rate changes	(55,096)	-	(17,834)	(91,818)	(164,748)
Balance at December 31, 2022	(1,295,825)	(2,536,680)	(610,199	(1,436,004	(5,878,708)
Net book value	Right-of-use Asset	Computer Equipment	Furniture and Equipment	TaaS Computer Equipment	Total
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$1,634,969	\$694,635	\$213,854	\$-	\$2,543,458

For the year ended December 31, 2022, depreciation, and amortization expense of \$918,887 (December 31, 2021 - \$976,751) was recognized in general administration expense.

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### 6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Cost	Patents	Software	Customer Relationships	Vendor Relationships	Trademarks & Tradenames	Total Intangible Assets
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$193,408	\$1,038,698	\$497,821	\$445,620	\$159,150	\$2,334,697
Additions	-	49,191	-	-	-	49,191
Additions from acquisitions	-	-	1,144,311	-	-	1,144,311
Internally generated intangible assets	-	90,695	-	-	-	90,695
Effect of exchange rate changes		-	2,901	(1,890)	(675)	336
Balance at December 31, 2021	193,408	1,178,584	1,645,033	443,730	158,475	3,619,230
Additions	-	14,353	-	-	-	14,353
Additions from acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internally generated intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Effect of exchange rate changes		-	112,368	30,310	10,825	153,503
Balance at December 31, 2022	193,408	1,192,937	1,757,401	474,040	169,300	3,787,086
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Patents	Software	Customer Relationships	Vendor Relationships	Trademarks & Tradenames	Total Intangible Assets
Balance at January 1, 2021	(54,248)	(804,042)	(117,008)	(66,843)	(23,872)	(1,066,013)
Depreciation expense	(15,745)	(136,365)	(127,483)	(43,883)	(15,672)	(339,148)
Effect of exchange rate changes		-	(1,377)	(207)	(74)	(1,658)
Balance at December 31, 2021	(69,993)	(940,407)	(245,868)	(110,933)	(39,618)	(1,406,819)
Depreciation expense	(30,759)	(137,828)	(219,730)	(45,326)	(16,187)	(449,830)
Effect of exchange rate changes			(26,015)	(9,656)	(3,452)	(39,123)
Balance at December 31, 2022	(100,752)	(1,078,235)	(491,613)	(165,916)	(59,257)	(1,895,772)
Net book value	Patents	Software	Customer Relationships	Vendor Relationships	Trademarks & Tradenames	Total Intangible Assets
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$123,415	\$238,177	\$1,399,165	\$332,797	\$118,857	\$2,212,411

For the year ended December 31, 2022, depreciation, and amortization expense of \$449,829 (December 31, 2021 - \$339,148) was recognized in general administration expense.

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#### 7. GOODWILL

A summary of the Company's goodwill is as follows:

Balance, January 1, 2022	\$3,131,422
Effect of exchange rates	213,898
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$3,345,320

Management has determined that both GMI and PCS are CGUs, and goodwill has been allocated in the amounts of \$484,647 and \$2,860,673, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company determined that for both the GMI CGU and the PCS CGU, the recoverable amount was higher than their carrying amount. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs were determined based on fair value less cost of disposal calculations, using management's discounted cash flow projections over a period of 5 years. In calculating the recoverable amount of the CGUs, a pre-tax discount rate is used. The pre-tax discount rate applied was 9.5%, which was set considering the average borrowing cost of the Company and certain risk premiums, based on management's past experience. Management also used various higher discount rates to test the sensitivity of the value of the CGUs. The revenue growth rates applied were between 2% and 18%, and a terminal growth rate of 2% was also applied.

These assumptions are subjective judgements based on the Company's experience, knowledge of operations and knowledge of the economic environment in which it operates. If future cash flow projections, long-term growth rates or pre-tax discount rates are different to those used, it is possible that the outcome of future impairment tests could result in a different outcome with a CGU's goodwill being impaired.

### 8. TECHNOLOGY AS A SERVICE (TAAS) REVENUE

As of December 31, 2021, all TaaS agreements have been terminated. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company recognized TaaS revenue of \$nil (December 31, 2021 - \$928,481).

### 9. BUSINESS COMBINATION – DataSource Mobility, LLC

On March 29, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the membership interests of DataSource Mobility, LLC ("DSM"). The purchase consideration was US \$1,300,000 cash paid at closing (CAD \$1,637,220). The US/CAD exchange rate on March 29, 2021 was US \$1 = CAD \$1.2594.

DSM is primarily a reseller of ruggedized tablets and laptops along with associated accessories. DSM offers guidance and state-of-the-art mobile devices for a wide range of sectors including public safety, utilities, field services, logistics and healthcare as well as state and local governments. DSM services customers primarily located in the Southeastern United States.

The acquisition of DSM was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with IFRS 3 with the results of operations consolidated with those of the Company effective March 29, 2021.

The goodwill recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position represents the purchase price paid in excess of the fair value of the assets. The Company expects the DSM acquisition to allow it to expand the Company's business model in Texas, through adding Texas-based customers. Further, by leveraging DSM's current and future rugged mobile device sales, it will allow the Company to expand its field service installation

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business as well as open additional opportunities to sell data security and analytics software applications and capabilities.

The intangible assets recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position represent the fair value of the customer lists acquired.

Transaction costs of \$38,961 related to the acquisition of DSM have been expensed and included in operating expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2021.

The operating results of DSM have been combined with PCS. Accordingly, separate disclosure of revenue and profit generated by DSM since acquisition is impracticable.

The table below summarizes the estimated fair value of the consideration transferred and the estimated fair values of the major classes of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

	Initial A	llocation	Adju	stments	Final Al	location
Assets Acquired	US	Canadian	US	Canadian	US	Canadian
<b>1</b>	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Cash and cash equivalents	\$20,632	\$25,984	\$-	\$-	\$20,632	\$25,984
Accounts receivable	182,094	229,329	-	-	182,094	229,329
Prepaid expenses	4,750	5,982		_	4,750	5,982
Current assets	207,476	261,295			207,476	261,295
Furniture and equipment	1,000	1,258	-	-	1,000	1,258
Intangible assets	450,153	566,924	-	-	450,153	566,924
Goodwill	808,777	1,018,574	114,114	143,715	922,891	1,162,289
Non-current assets	1,259,930	1,586,756	114,114	143,715	1,374,044	1,730,471
Total assets	1,467,406	1,848,051	114,114	143,715	1,581,520	1,991,766
Liabilities Assumed						
Accounts payable and other liabilities	167,406	210,831	-	-	167,406	210,831
Deferred tax liability		-	114,114	143,715	114,114	143,715
Total liabilities	167,406	210,831	114,114	143,715	281,520	354.546
Fair value of net assets acquired	1,300,000	1,637,220		-	1,300,000	1,637,220
Net consideration issued	\$1,300,000	\$1,637,220	\$-	\$-	\$1,300,000	\$1,637,720

The adjustment made to the initial allocation is the recognition of a deferred tax liability of \$143,715 related to timing differences on intangible assets.

### 10. BUSINESS COMBINATION – Spyrus Solutions, Inc.

On September 15, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding shares of Spyrus Solutions, Inc. The prior owners of Spyrus received no cash consideration on the date of the acquisition as the Company agreed to the assumption of certain liabilities related to unpaid employee wages and obligations of approximately US \$0.58 million with US \$0.22 million paid at closing and the balance to be paid out over the subsequent 12 months. Route1 has also agreed to pay the prior owners of Spyrus additional compensation based on certain gross profit metrics being met (the "Earnout"). The Earnout payment for calendar years 2021 to 2024 will work as follows: (1) From date of closing to Dec 31, 2021, the prior owners will receive 20% of Spyrus' gross profit above US \$1 million; and (2) For each of the calendar years 2022, 2023 and 2024, the prior owners will receive 20% of Spyrus' gross profit once a

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minimum gross profit threshold of US \$1.5 million is met. If the gross profit in any one year exceeds US \$2.5 million, the Earnout percentage increases from 20% to 25%. The Earnout has been valued at zero as the Company has assessed the likelihood of reaching the stated gross profit levels and determined that it will not reach those levels based on the current outlook for the business. The USD/CAD exchange rate on September 15, 2021 was US \$1 = CAD \$1.2651.

Spyrus develops and manufactures cryptographic products, including the SPYCOS smart card operating system, enabling strong protection for data-in-motion, data-at-rest and data-in-process. Spyrus delivers encryption, authentication, and digital content security products to U.S. defense and civilian agencies, international government, financial and healthcare enterprises.

The intangible assets recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position represent the fair value of the customer lists acquired.

The acquisition of Spyrus was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with IFRS 3 with the results of operations consolidated with those of the Company effective September 15, 2021.

Spyrus has contributed incremental revenue of \$921,180 and gross profit of \$683,990 for the period from acquisition through December 31, 2021. Spyrus' contribution to revenue and gross profit had the acquisition occurred as of January 1, 2021, in management's opinion, is not reliably determinable.

The table below summarizes the estimated fair values of the major classes of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

	Initial A	llocation	Adjus	tments	Final Al	location
Assets Acquired	US	Canadian	US	Canadian	US	Canadian
Assets Acquired	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Cash and cash equivalents	\$12,631	\$15,979	\$7,436	\$9,408	\$20,067	\$25,387
Accounts receivable	230,605	291,738	(20,037)	(25,348)	210,568	266,390
Prepaid expenses	1,391	1,760	-	-	1,391	1,760
Contract costs	49,713	62,892	-	-	49,713	62,892
Inventory	255,397	323,103	30,001	37,954	285,398	361,057
Current assets	549,737	695,472	17,400	22,014	567,137	717,486
Intangible assets	291,718	369,052	164,679	208,335	456,397	577,387
Total assets	841,455	1,064,524	182,079	230,349	1,023,534	1,294,873
Liabilities Assumed						
Accounts payable and other						
liabilities	451,755	571,515	89,780	113,582	541,535	685,097
Contract liability	109,700	138,781	-	-	109,700	138,781
Notes payable	280,000	354,228	-	-	280,000	354,228
Deferred tax liability	-	-	92,299	116,767	92,299	116,767
Total liabilities	841,455	1,064,524	182,079	230,349	1,023,534	1,294,873
Fair value of net assets acquired		-		-		-
Net consideration issued	\$-	\$	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

Significant adjustments made to the initial allocation are as follows:

- Accounts payable and other liabilities were increased by \$113,582 as a result of identifying additional accruals and unrecorded accounts payable.
- Recognition of a deferred tax liability of \$116,767 related to timing differences on intangible assets.
- Intangible assets were increased by \$208,335 based on revised valuation of the value of the customer lists to the Company.

### 11. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

The Company's credit facility consists of a revolving demand facility in the amount of \$1,225,000 (December 31, 2021 - \$1,025,000) and a \$150,000 credit card facility (December 31, 2021 - \$150,000). The operating facility carries an interest rate equal to the lender's prime rate of interest plus 1.5% (December 31, 2021 – prime rate of interest plus 1.5%). As at December 31, 2022, the interest rate was 7.95%. The credit facility is secured by the assets of Route1 Inc. and guaranteed by GMI. As at December 31, 2022, the balance drawn on the revolving demand facility was \$1,175,000 (December 31, 2021 - \$875,000).

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, PCS, has an asset-based revolving credit facility in the amount of US \$1,500,000. The facility carries an interest rate of 50 basis points over the prime rate published daily in the Wall Street Journal. As at December 31, 2022, the interest rate was 8.00%. The availability under the facility is based on a percentage of the aggregate of certain accounts receivable and inventory. The facility is secured by the assets of PCS and is guaranteed by the Company and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. As at December 31, 2022, the balance drawn on the revolving demand facility was \$1,245,162 (December 31, 2021 - \$951,640). PCS is required to maintain a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of greater or equal to 1.10:1 and this covenant was met as of December 31, 2022.

### 12. CONTRACT LIABILITIES AND CONTRACT COSTS

Contract liabilities are comprised of:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$2,684,836	\$3,727,274
Revenue deferred in previous period and recognized in current period	(2,580,787)	(3,538,771)
Business acquisition (Note 10)	-	138,781
Revenue deferred on business acquisition and recognized in current period	-	(60,542)
Net additions arising from operations	868,972	2,406,068
Effect of exchange rates	34,381	12,026
Total contract liability	\$1,007,402	\$2,684,836
Revenue to be recognized in the future:		
Within one year	\$985,242	\$2,632,310
Between two to five years	22,160	52,526
Total	\$1,007,402	\$2,684,836

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

Subscription revenue and services contract liability is mainly comprised of subscriptions to MobiKEY© services and support contracts for license plate recognition customers.

Contract costs arise primarily as the result of the deferral of commissions and cost of sales on MobiKEY© services and device sales. As at December 31, 2022 the balance was \$38,147 (December 31, 2021 - \$66,763).

### 13. NOTES PAYABLE

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Promissory Note A (US \$90,000, 2021 US \$90,000)	<b>\$-</b>	\$114,102
Amended Promissory Note A (US \$92,700)	62,776	-
Promissory Note B (US \$Nil, 2021 US \$120,000)	-	152,136
	62,776	266,238
Less: unamortized deferred debt discount	-	(2,997)
	62,776	263,241
Promissory Note C	634,994	632,372
Promissory Note D		266,238
·	697,770	1,161,851
Less: current portion of notes payable	(367,776)	(1,161,851)
Long-term portion	\$329,994	\$-

The U.S. dollar denominated debt was translated into Canadian dollars at the period end exchange rate of US 1 = C 1.3544 (December 31, 2021 – US 1 = C 1.2678)

Pursuant to the acquisition of PCS on June 28, 2019, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, PCS, issued two notes to the vendor of PCS. The terms of these notes are as follows:

### Unsecured Promissory Note A

Principal Amount US \$250,000

Interest Rate 3% per annum, payable annually

Repayment US \$80,000 on June 28, 2020; US \$80,000 on June 28, 2021; and

US \$90,000 on June 28, 2022

On June 28, 2022, Promissory Note A in the amount of US \$92,700 was amended to provide for repayment at a rate of US \$7,725 per month for the 12 months ending June 28, 2023 plus interest at a rate of 6% per annum on the declining balance. All other terms remain the same.

### Unsecured Promissory Note B

Principal Amount US \$720,000

Interest Rate 2.37% per annum, payable monthly

Repayment US \$20,000 per month for 36 months commencing July 31, 2019

The notes are subordinated to the asset-based credit facility in PCS. The notes are guaranteed as to payment by the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, GMI. Note B was fully paid as of June 30, 2022.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

On September 16, 2020, Route1 entered into a promissory note agreement with a private lender in the amount of \$650,000 (Promissory Note C). The note bears interest at 10% per annum and any amounts drawn must remain outstanding for a minimum of six months from the date of the agreement and thereafter may be repaid without premium, penalty or bonus. The original note maturity of September 30, 2021 was extended to October 31, 2022.

On October 25, 2022 the maturity was extended to April 30, 2024. As at October 31, 2022 the amount drawn was \$632,347. The Company incurred renewal fees of \$12,647. The total amount of the note, \$644,994 bears interest at 12% per annum and has a monthly repayment schedule.

The promissory note is secured by a pledge of the shares of the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Route 1 Security Corporation, and a general security agreement over all current and hereafter acquired personal property of the Company. The promissory note is subordinated to the Company's existing bank credit facilities in both Canada and the United States. At December 31, 2022, the balance drawn on the promissory note was \$634,994 (December 31, 2021 - \$632,372). The note was extended for working capital purposes.

On September 15, 2021, as part of the Spyrus acquisition, the Company assumed promissory notes (Note D) to certain former employees in the amount of US \$280,000. The notes are fully subordinated, bear no interest and will mature on October 15, 2022. At December 31, 2022 the balance owing on the notes is \$nil (US \$0) - December 31, 2021 - \$266,238 (US \$210,000).

Principal debt repayment in the next fiscal year is as follows:

	Cash Repayment	Reduction of Recorded Liability
2023	\$367,776	\$367,776

### 14. SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM

On September 28, 2020, the Company received approval from the TSX Venture Exchange to make a Normal Course Issuer Bid ("2020 NCIB"). The NCIB permitted the Company to purchase for cancellation up to 5% of the common shares in the public float. The maximum number of shares allowed for repurchase was 1,755,980. Purchases under the 2020 NCIB occurred during the 12-month period that was commenced September 27, 2020 and ended September 26, 2021.

Purchases for cancellation under this particular 2020 NCIB during the period January 1, 2021 to September 26, 2021 were 340,000 common shares at an average price of \$0.58 per common share.

On September 28, 2021, the Company received approval from the TSX Venture Exchange to make another NCIB ("2021 NCIB"). The 2021 NCIB permitted the Company to purchase for cancellation up to 5% of the common shares in the public float. The maximum number of shares allowed for repurchase was 1,985,473. Purchases under the 2021 NCIB occurred during the 12-month period that was commenced September 28, 2021 and ended September 27, 2022. There were no purchases for cancellation under the 2021 NCIB during the period from September 28, 2021 to December 31, 2021.

For the period January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, the Company purchased no shares for cancellation under the 2021 NCIB.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

### 15. SHARE CAPITAL, WARRANTS AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

The Company's authorized share capital consists of the following:

- Unlimited number of common shares with voting rights and no par value.
- Unlimited number of non-cumulative, non-voting first preferred shares with no fixed dividend rate, issuable in series.
- Unlimited number of non-cumulative, non-voting second preferred shares with no fixed dividend rate, issuable in series.
- Unlimited number of non-cumulative, non-voting Series A first preferred shares with no fixed dividend rate, issuable in series and convertible into common shares at the option of the holder on a one-for-one basis at any time after October 31, 2000.

Number of Common Shares	Common Shares
38.694.020	\$23,370,074
1,355,443	534,000
(340,000)	(198,113)
-	(5,000)
39,709,463	\$23,700,961
-	(1,170)
-	(5,698)
2,787,693	300,177
42,497,156	\$23,994,270
	38,694,020 1,355,443 (340,000) - 39,709,463 - 2,787,693

• There are 2,925,000 (December 31, 2021 – 3,225,000) common share purchase options ("Options") outstanding to acquire 2,925,000 (December 31, 2021 – 3,225,000) common shares at various prices.

### Private Equity Placement

On December 16, 2020, the Company completed a private placement of 3,529,411 units (comprised of one common share and one warrant) for gross proceeds of \$3,000,000. A portion of the proceeds were allocated to warrants based on the valuation below with the residual value allocated to common shares.

#### Warrant Valuation

	December 16,
	2020
Share price on issue date	\$1.04
Risk free interest rate	0.25%
Expected life (years)	1.5
Expected volatility	80%
Dividend yield	Nil
Fair value of warrants issued	\$0.334

The Black-Scholes option pricing model is used by the Company to determine the fair value of the warrants issued as part of the equity private placement in December 2020. A total fair value of \$1,191,889 was determined.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

Warrants Outstanding		
-	Number of	Warrant
	Warrants	\$
Balance, January 1, 2020	3,000,000	\$534,000
Issued	3,574,411	1,191,889
Issuance Costs	-	(42,185)
Balance, December 31, 2020	6,574,411	1,683,704
Exercised	(3,000,000)	(534,000)
Balance, June 30, 2021	3,574,411	\$1,149,704
Expired unexercised	(3,574,411)	(\$1,149,704)
Balance, December 31, 2022	<u> </u>	-

### Stock-based compensation

The Company has a Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") that was created in 1997 to attract, retain and motivate officers, salaried employees and directors who are in a position to make important contributions toward the success of the Company. Under the Plan, options may be granted to directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company at an exercise price determined by the Board provided that such exercise price should not be less than permitted under the rules of any stock exchange where the shares are listed. The period during which an option may be exercised (the "Option Period") is determined by the Board at the time the option is granted, subject to any vesting limitations which may be imposed by the Board in its sole unfettered discretion at the time such option is granted. Options are exercisable as determined by the Board at the date of the grant. Shares covered by options granted pursuant to the Plan may not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company at the time of the grant, calculated on a non-diluted basis.

The following tables reflect the movement and status of the stock options:

	December	31, 2022	December 3	31, 2021
		Weighted		Weighted
		Average		Average
	Number of	Exercise	Number of	Exercise
Options Outstanding	<b>Options</b>	Price	Options	Price
Balance, beginning of the year	3,225,000	\$0.60	3,312,500	\$0.61
Options granted during the year	-	-	950,000	0.56
Options expired during the year	(100,000)	0.62	(487,500)	0.50
Options exercised during the year	=	-	-	-
Options forfeited during the year	(200,000)	1.05	(550,000)	0.64
Balance, end of the year	2,925,000	\$0.62	3,225,000	\$0.60

Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

	C	ptions Outstanding	Ontions	Exercisable
		December 31, 2022	•	er 31, 2022
	-	Weighted Average		Weighted
		Remaining		Average
		Contractual Life		Remaining
	Number of	(Years)	Number	Contractual
Exercise Price	Options		of Options	Life (Years)
\$0.50	650,000	3.3	100,000	0.7
\$0.55	200,000	0.6	200,000	0.6
\$0.62	300,000	2.7	90,000	2.7
\$0.65	500,000	1.3	500,000	1.3
\$0.68	1,275,000	2.3	765,000	2.3
•	2,925,000	2.3	1,655,000	1.8
	Options Ou December	31, 2021		Exercisable er 31, 2021
		Weighted Average		Weighted Average
		Remaining		Remaining
	Number of	Contractual	Number of	Contractual
Exercise Price	Options	Life (Years)	Options	Life (Years)
\$0.50	750,000	3.8	200,000	0.9
				V. /
\$0.55	200.000	1.6	200.000	
\$0.55 \$0.62	200,000 300,000	1.6 3.7	200,000 90,000	1.6
\$0.55 \$0.62 \$0.65	300,000	1.6 3.7 2.3	90,000 300,000	
\$0.62	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.7	90,000	1.6 3.7
\$0.62 \$0.65	300,000 500,000	3.7 2.3	90,000 300,000	1.6 3.7 2.3

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$239,616 (December 31, 2021 - \$567,517).

The Black-Scholes option pricing model used by the Company to determine fair values was developed for use in estimating the fair value of freely traded options, which are fully transferable and have no vesting restrictions. The Company's stock options are not transferable and cannot be traded and are subject to vesting restrictions and exercise restrictions under the Company's black-out policy which would tend to reduce the fair value of the Company's stock options. Changes to subjective input assumptions used in the model can cause a significant variation in the estimate of the fair value of the options.

All outstanding share options expected to vest were measured in accordance with IFRS 2, "Share-based Payment" at their market-based measure at the acquisition date. Options were priced using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Where relevant, the expected life used in the model has been adjusted based on management's best estimate for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioral considerations. Expected volatility is based on the historical share price volatility.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

	2021
Share price on issue date	\$0.50 - \$0.64
Risk free interest rate	0.77% - 1.30%
Expected life (years)	5
Expected volatility	124% - 126%
Forfeiture rate	3.5% - 75.0%
Dividend yield	Nil
Fair value of options issued during the year	\$0.104 - \$0.404

### Contributed surplus

Contributed surplus represents expired warrants and the amortized fair value of stock options granted under the stock option plan, determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value is amortized to income on a graded, vested basis over the vesting period with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus. Upon exercise of stock options, the consideration paid by the holder is included in share capital and the related contributed surplus associated with the stock options exercised is transferred into share capital.

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	December 31, 2021
Balance, beginning of the year	\$15,879,054	\$15,311,537
Options expensed in the year	239,616	567,517
Options exercised in the year	· -	-
Warrants expiration in the year	1,149,704	-
Balance, end of the year	\$17,268,374	\$15,879,054

### 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has directors and officers who are considered related parties. The Company had the following transactions and/or outstanding amounts with related parties. All transactions are recorded at their exchange amounts.

- The Company incurred expenses (including CPP and EHT) payable to and on behalf of the independent members of the Board of Directors of \$354,155 (December 31, 2021 \$439,770). These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are paid or payable for directorship services. As at December 31, 2022, accounts payable included \$139,507 owing to directors (December 31, 2021 \$109,243). The Company also incurred stock-based compensation expense related to stock options granted to directors in the amount of \$49,176 (December 31, 2021 \$145,475).
- The Company made payments (including HST) to Chodos Capital Group Inc. for management services provided by Mr. Peter Chodos, a director and the CFO of the Company, in the amount of \$289,701 in the year ended December 31, 2022 (December 31, 2021 \$47,333). The Company also incurred stock-based compensation expenses related to stock options granted to Mr. Chodos in the amount of \$68,531 (December 31, 2021 -\$15,033). Prior to November 1, 2021, Mr. Chodos was employed by the Company and payments made are included as part of key management. Payments made to Mr. Chodos as an independent contractor are not included as part of key management.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

The Company made payments to or incurred expenses for key management employees (President and Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer) in the year ended December 31, 2022 as follows, with 2021 comparatives

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	December 31, 2021
Short-term employee benefit	\$757,624	\$1,344,976
Stock-based compensation expense	87,144	246,412
	\$844,768	\$1,591,388

### 17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share have been calculated based on the weighted average number of common shares without the inclusion of dilutive effects. The Company uses the treasury stock method to calculate diluted earnings per share. Diluted earnings per share are calculated based on the weighted average number of common shares plus dilutive common share equivalents outstanding which consist of options and warrants to purchase common shares. For the year ending December 31, 2022, all outstanding options were considered anti-dilutive because the Company recorded a loss in the year.

	Year Ended	Year Ended
	December 31	December 31
<u> </u>	2022	2021
Net income (loss)	(\$1,718,214)	\$222,207
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	39,816,388	39,553,980
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding	N/A	40,069,142
Basic and diluted income (loss) per common share	(\$0.04)	\$0.01
Dilutive instruments not included in the calculation		
Stock options	1,655,000	1,372,500
Warrants	-	3,574,411

### 18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### (i) Legal matters

In the normal course of operations, the Company may be subject to litigation and claims from customers, suppliers and former employees. Although it is not possible to estimate the extent of potential costs, if any, management believes that the ultimate resolution of such contingencies would not have a material adverse effect on the results of operations, financial position or liquidity of the Company.

### (ii) Foreign exchange

From time to time the Company may enter into U.S. dollar forward contracts to mitigate possible foreign exchange risk. The timing and amount of foreign exchange contracts are estimated based on existing or anticipated sales, current conditions in the Company's markets, the estimated timing of payments denominated in Canadian dollars and the Company's past experience. The Company's policy is not to utilize financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. No financial instruments were used for trading or speculative purposes in 2022 or 2021.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

#### 19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable risk. The Company manages its share capital, warrant reserve and contributed surplus as capital, the balance of which is \$41,262,704 at December 31, 2022 (\$40,729,719 at December 31, 2021).

The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts due to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, and/or issue new debt to replace existing debt with different characteristics.

Capital management objectives, policies and procedures have not changed from the preceding period.

In the normal course of business operations of GMI and PCS, the Company may be required to guarantee certain trade payables to the value-added distributors from which GMI and PCS purchase product to sell to their customers. Such guarantees would be enforced only if GMI or PCS could not pay the distributor for goods acquired from such distributor and the amounts under such guarantees would vary from time to time based on the volume of purchases from the particular distributor. The Company has entered into these continuing, unconditional guarantees with several of the larger vendors/suppliers to GMI and PCS.

In the normal course of operations, GMI and PCS may enter into continuing purchase money security interests with distributors and original equipment manufacturers. These security interests relate specifically to the products purchased from each distributor and original equipment manufacturer and the amounts secured will vary from time to time with purchases.

### 20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - RISK MANAGEMENT

The carrying amount of financial instruments including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, bank indebtedness and accounts payable and other liabilities approximates fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

The Company has an earn-out provision from the acquisition of Spyrus on September 15, 2021 which could require a payment to the previous owners of Spyrus should the gross profit exceed certain targets. For more information, see Note 10 to these consolidated financial statements.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset considers a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within a three-level hierarchy, based on observability of significant inputs, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Inputs into the determination of the fair value require management judgment or estimation.

The Company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk associated with its financial assets and liabilities. The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board has established the Audit Committee which is responsible for monitoring the Company's compliance with risk management policies. The Audit Committee regularly reports to the Board on its activities.

The Company's risk management program seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance and ultimately shareholder value. The Company manages its risks and risk exposures through a system of internal controls and sound business practices.

The Company's financial instruments and the nature of the risks to which they may be subject are set out in the following table:

		Foreign		
	Credit	Liquidity	Exchange	Interest Rate
Cash and cash equivalents	Yes		Yes	Yes
Accounts receivable	Yes		Yes	
Other receivables	Yes		Yes	
Bank indebtedness		Yes	Yes	Yes
Accounts payable and other liabilities		Yes	Yes	
Notes payable		Yes	Yes	

#### Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and credit exposure to customers, including outstanding accounts and other receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value (net of allowances) of the financial assets. The objective of managing credit risk is to prevent losses on financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of counterparties, considering their financial position, past experience and other factors. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the largest single customer represented approximately \$2,261,718 of revenue (December 31, 2021 - \$3,352,000).

Cash and cash equivalents consist of bank balances. Credit risk associated with cash is minimized substantially by ensuring that these financial assets are held in highly rated financial institutions. At December 31, 2022, the Company had cash consisting of deposits with a Schedule 1 bank in Canada, a

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

large money centre bank in the U.S. and two large regional banks in the U.S. of \$78,505 (December 31, 2021 - \$62,568).

Accounts receivable consist primarily of accounts receivable from invoicing for subscriptions, devices and services. Other receivables consist primarily of unbilled accounts receivable, marketing development funds, sales tax refunds to be received and an amount due for the refund of the excess of the posted bond over the patent litigation settlement amount. The Company's credit risk arises from the possibility that a customer which owes the Company money is unable or unwilling to meet its obligations in accordance with the terms and conditions in the contracts with the Company, which would result in a financial loss for the Company. This risk is mitigated through established credit management techniques, including monitoring customer's creditworthiness, setting exposure limits and monitoring exposure against these customer credit limits.

The Company measures a loss allowance based on the lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are estimated based on factors such as the Company's past experience of collecting payments, the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables, financial difficulty of the borrower, and it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization. Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off reduce other expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. As at December 31, 2022, the largest single customer's account receivable represented \$304,532 (December 31, 2021 – \$1,716,281) of the total accounts receivable. This account receivable was collected in full subsequent to the year end.

The following table outlines the details of the aging of the Company's receivables as at December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>	December 31, 2021
Current	\$1,138,949	\$3,452,297
Past due		
1 – 60 days	433,974	675,991
Greater than 60 days	288,630	268,598
Total accounts receivable, net	\$1,861,553	\$4,396,886

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available reserves in order to meet its liquidity requirements at any point in time. In order to meet its financial liabilities, the Company has primarily relied and expects to continue to rely primarily on collecting its accounts receivable as they come due.

The Company's ability to manage its liquidity risk going forward will require some or all of the following: the ability to generate positive cash flows from operations and secure capital and/or credit facilities on reasonable terms in the current marketplace. The following table details the Company's contractual maturities for its financial liabilities, including interest payments and operating lease commitments, as at December 31, 2022:

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

			2025 and	
	2023	2024	Beyond	Total
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$4,591,024	\$-	\$-	\$4,591,024
Notes payable	367,776	329,994	-	697,770
Lease commitments	537,275	547,137	1,002,607	2,087,019
	\$5,496,075	\$877,131	\$1,002,607	\$7,375,813

Bank indebtedness does not have a contractual maturity and as such has not been included in the above table.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the fair value of recognized assets and liabilities or future cash flows or the Company's results of operation.

### Foreign exchange

The functional currency of the parent company is Canadian dollars and the reporting currency is Canadian dollars. As at December 31, 2022, the Company had non-Canadian dollar net monetary liabilities of approximately US \$2,487,892 (December 31, 2021 – liabilities of approximately US \$750,000). An increase or decrease in the U.S. to Canadian dollar exchange rate by 5% as at December 31, 2022 would have resulted in a gain or loss in the amount of \$168,000 (December 31, 2020 – gain or loss of \$47,000).

### Interest rate

The Company has cash balances and bank indebtedness which may be exposed to interest rate fluctuations. At December 31, 2022, cash balances were \$78,505 (December 31, 2021 - \$62,568), bank indebtedness balances were \$2,420,162 (December 31, 2021 - \$1,826,640).

### 21. INCOME AND DEFERRED TAXES

### Income Taxes

The reconciliation of the combined Canadian federal and provincial statutory income tax rate of 26.5% (2021 - 26.4%) to the effective tax rate is as follows:

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

	2022	2021
Net Income (Loss) before recovery of income taxes	\$(618,908)	\$210,422
Expected income tax (recovery) expense	(164,010)	55,551
Non-deductible & other expenses	(128,140)	(161,138)
Share issuance cost booked directly to equity	(1,510)	-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	37,020	-
US State taxes paid	-	(6,721)
Change in tax benefits not recognized	1,355,946	100,523
Income tax (recovery)	\$1,099,306	\$(11,785)
The Company's income tax (recovery) is allocated as follows:		
Current tax (recovery) expense	\$16,600	\$6,721
Deferred tax (recovery) expense	1,082,706	(18,506)
	\$1,099,306	\$(11,785)
Deferred Taxes		
The following table summarizes the components of deferred tax:		
	2022	2021

	2022	2021
Deferred Tax Assets		
Finance Lease Receivables	\$457,260	\$-
Operating tax losses carried forward - USA	-	-
Operating tax losses carried forward - Canada	<u> </u>	1,484,000
	457,260	1,484,000
Deferred Tax Liabilities Right of use assets Intangible Assets	(457,260)	(401,344)
	(457,260)	(401,344)
Net deferred tax	<b>\$</b> -	\$1,082,656

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset where they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company has the legal right and intent to offset.

### Movement in net deferred tax:

	2022	2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$1,082,710	\$1,324,264
Recognized in profit (loss)	(1,082,710)	18,506
Other		(260,060)
	<b>\$-</b>	\$1,082,710

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

### Unrecognized Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred taxes are provided as a result of temporary differences that arise due to the differences between the income tax values and the carrying amount of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following deductible temporary differences:

2022	2021
\$6,182,540	\$5,632,237
213,640	-
48,940	58,259
1,128,460	2,751,059
11,721,550	6,847,498
88,330	65,326
14,743,490	14,213,957
804,100	774,132
59,000	28,819
\$34,990,050	\$30,371,287
	\$6,182,540 213,640 48,940 1,128,460 11,721,550 88,330 14,743,490 804,100 59,000

The Canadian operating tax loss carry forwards expire as noted in the table below. The U.S. operating tax losses can be carried forward indefinitely. The capital loss carry forward may be carried forward indefinitely, but can only be used to reduce capital gains. The remaining deductible temporary differences may be carried forward indefinitely. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the group can utilize the benefits therefrom.

The Company's Canadian operating tax losses expire as follows:

2027	\$5,546,700
2028	4,078,310
2029	2,096,540
	11,721,550

### 22. REVENUE AND SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Revenue for the recurring revenue and services is reported as a contract liability on the consolidated statement of financial position and is recognized as earned revenue for the period in which the subscription and/or service is provided.

For the sale of devices, revenue or contract liability is recognized at the time transfer of ownership of the device occurs. At December 31, 2022, the Company had \$1,007,402 (December 31, 2021 - \$2,684,836) in contract liability.

The following table provides a presentation of the Company's revenue streams for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

### Route1 Inc.

### December 31, 2022 and 2021 (stated in Canadian dollars)

	202	22	2021	
_	Revenue	% of Total	Revenue	% of Total
Subscription revenue and services	\$6,194,383	28.1	\$9,701,870	35.6
Devices and appliances	15,829,913	71.8	17,432,143	63.9
Other	20,916	0.1	137,247	0.5
_	\$22,045,212	100.0	\$27,271,260	100.0

The following table provides a geographic presentation of the Company's revenue streams for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	20	2022		
	Revenue	% of Total	Revenue	% of Total
USA	\$21,835,244	99.0	\$27,185,692	99.7
Canada	209,968	1.0	85,568	0.3
	\$22,045,212	100.0	\$27,271,260	100.0

The following table provides a geographic presentation of the Company's right-of-use assets, furniture and equipment and intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2	2022		2021	
	Assets	% of Total	Assets	% of Total	
USA	\$3,408,941	83.0	\$4,223,555	88.8	
Canada	700,244	17.0	532,314	11.2	
	\$4,109,185	100.0	\$4,755,869	100.0	